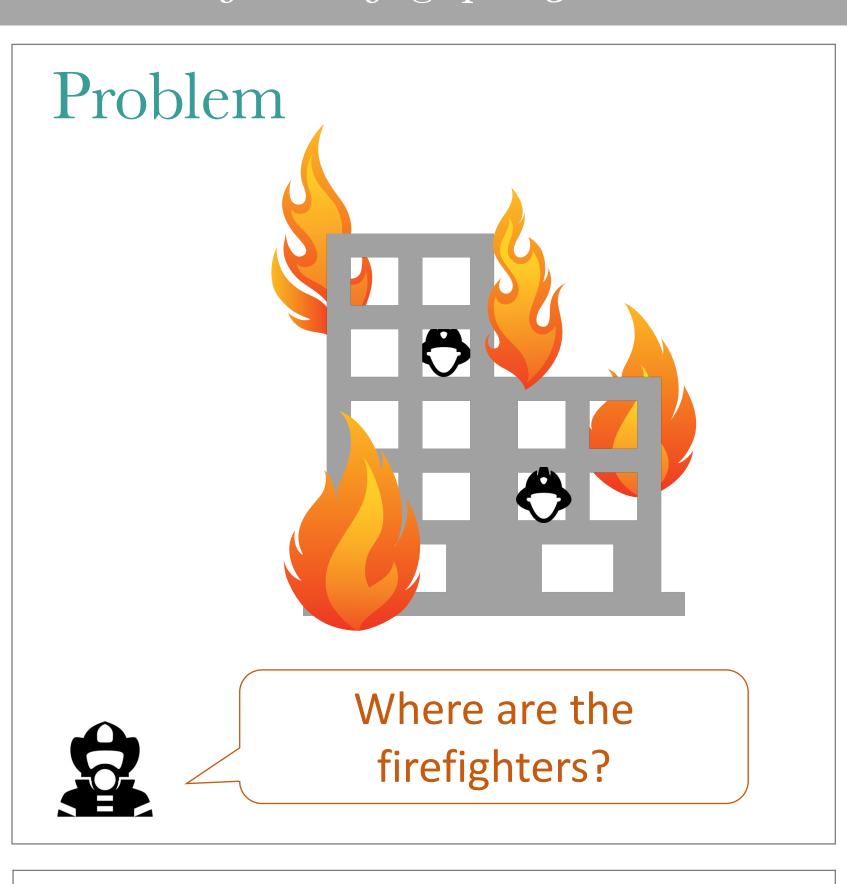
An Infrastructure-Free Localization System for Firefighters

Niranjini Rajagopal, John Miller, Anh Luong, Anthony Rowe

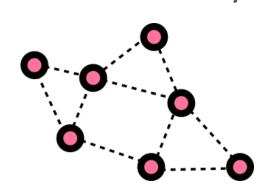
Carnegie Mellon University







Ad-hoc wireless connectivity



Deployment

Restricted perimeter



No user-effort

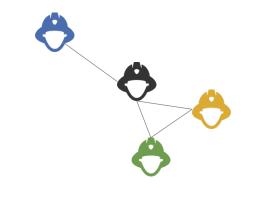


Location algorithm

Absolute location and orientation



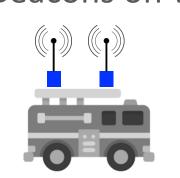
Relative location



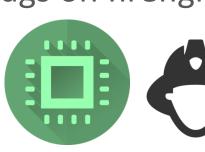
Our Approach

Pre-install

Beacons on vehicle



Tags on firefighters





On-site



Challenges

Challenge: In reality, IMUs drift over time and inter-device connectivity is sparse

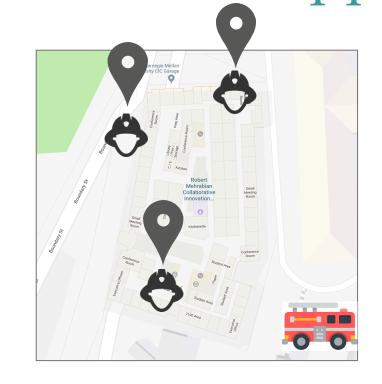
: Combine IMU data with inter-device ranging, leverage the buddy system, apply theory from SLAM, network localization to solve the framed mobile sensor network localization problem

Challenge: No infrastructure available; rapid deployment required

: Relative location is often valuable even when absolute location is unavailable. Whenever Insight possible, communicate all *relative* location information to operator.

Challenge: Firefighter motions make traditional dead reckoning techniques unreliable : Use high fidelity visual tracking as a baseline for training machine learning models. Insight When visual sensors are impaired, fall back on IMU-only approach using learned models.

Location Application Scenarios

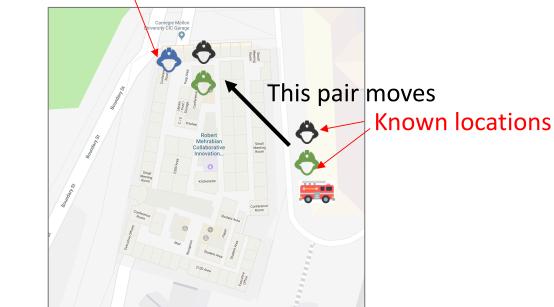


Absolute location of firefighters on map



- Uncertain absolute location
- Confident relative location

Location unknown. Location identified when the pair is in proximity

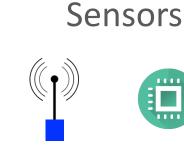


A group of firefighters are able to localize a firefighter with unknown location

System Components

Location Solver

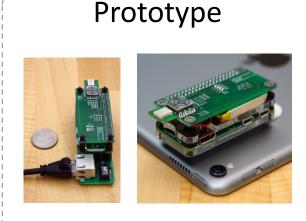
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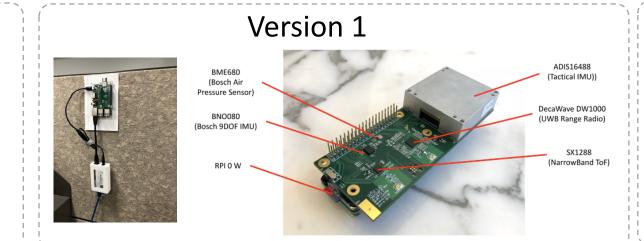






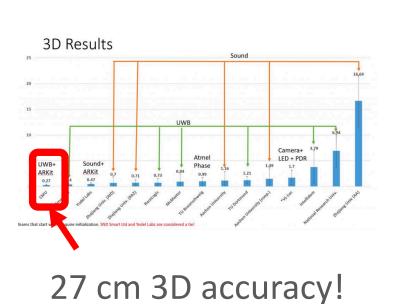
Hardware



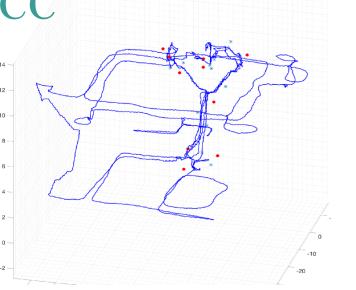




Indoor Localization Experience

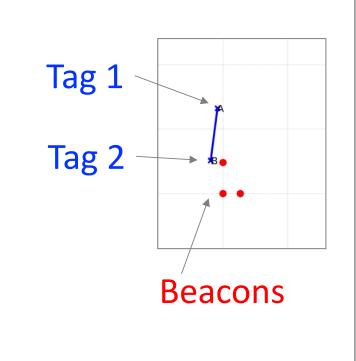






Demo

- Three ingress beacons are fixed
- Two volunteers with tags are mobile and walk around
- 3. Computer shows locations of the volunteers



3D tracking with sparse beacon placement